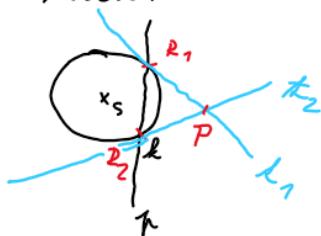


Kružnice a přímka II.

Př.3. Nejdete se kružnicí $x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 4y + 3 = 0$
a jížich průsečích s přímou $p: y = x + 3$. napište rovnici
těch.



$$x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 4y + 3 = 0 \\ m=3 \quad m=2 \quad n=3$$

$$R_1, R_2 = ? \quad p \cap k:$$

$$x^2 + (x+3)^2 - 6x - 4(x+3) + 3 = 0$$

$$x^2 + x^2 + 6x + 9 - 6x - 4x - 12 + 3 = 0$$

$$2x^2 - 4x = 0$$

$$2x(x-2) = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} x_1 = 0 & y_1 = 3 \\ x_2 = 2 & y_2 = 5 \end{array} \quad R_1 [0, 3] \quad R_2 [2, 5]$$

$$k: \text{OR} \quad x^2 + y^2 - 2mx - 2ny + p = 0$$

$$t: \quad x_0 x + y_0 y - m(x+x_0) - n(y+y_0) + p = 0$$

$$l_1: R_1: 0 \cdot x + 3y - 3(x+0) - 2(y+3) + 3 = 0$$

$$l_1: \underline{\underline{-3x + y - 3 = 0}}$$

$$l_2: R_2: 2x + 5y - 3(x+2) - 2(y+5) + 3 = 0$$

$$l_2: \underline{\underline{-x + 3y - 13 = 0}}$$

$$P \in l_1 \cap l_2:$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3x - y = -3 \\ -x + 3y = 13 \quad | \cdot 3 \\ \hline 8y = 36 \\ y = \frac{36}{8} = \frac{9}{2} \end{array} \quad x = 3y - 13 = \frac{27}{2} - \frac{26}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\underline{\underline{P \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{2} \right]}}$$

Př.4 určete m tak, aby přímka $p: 3x + 4y + m = 0$
byla těčna k kružnici $x^2 + y^2 = 25$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3x + 4y + m = 0 \\ 4y = -3x - m \\ y = \frac{-3x - m}{4} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 + \left(\frac{-3x - m}{4} \right)^2 = 25 \\ x^2 + \frac{9x^2 + 6mx + m^2}{16} = 25 \quad | \cdot 16 \end{array}$$

$$16x^2 + 9x^2 + 6mx + m^2 = 400$$

$$25x^2 + 6mx + m^2 - 400 = 0$$

aby to byla těčna $\Rightarrow D = 0$

$$A = 25$$

$$D = B^2 - 4AC = 0$$

$$B = 6m$$

$$36m^2 - 4 \cdot 25 \cdot (m^2 - 400) = 0$$

$$C = m^2 - 400$$

$$36m^2 - 100m^2 + 40000 = 0$$

$$m^2 = \frac{2500}{4}$$

$$64m^2 = 40000$$

$$m = \pm \frac{50}{2} = \pm 25 \quad \underline{\underline{}}$$

$$8m^2 = 5000$$

$$4m^2 = 2500$$

Pro $m \in \{\pm 25\}$ je přímka těčna k kružnici.